

Essay Outline

Introduction:

- General info about topic, reason for reader to be interested, context, etc.
- Thesis statement

Topic Sentence 1:

A. Support

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation
2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

B. Support

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation
2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

C. Support

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation
2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation
3. Transition

Topic Sentence 2:

A. Support

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation
2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

B. Support:

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation
2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

C. Support:

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

3 Transition

Topic Sentence 3:

A. Support:

1. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

2. Supporting evidence/examples/explanation

3. Transition

Concluding Paragraph

- Re-state thesis:
- Summary of main points, return to general context, wrap-up of essay, etc.

Elements of an Essay

Introduction: Usually an introduction starts broad and narrows down to your specific topic, ending in the thesis. This is your opportunity to establish why readers might be curious about your general topic, catch their attention, or put your essay in context.

Thesis: Your introduction should end with a clear, specific thesis statement, which will tell readers exactly what your paper will be arguing. Each body paragraph will directly and obviously support your thesis.

Body Paragraphs: An essay usually has at least three body paragraphs, and these will be the arguments, evidence, or topics that support your thesis.

Topic Sentences: Each body paragraph will begin with a topic sentence which introduces its topic. All of the information in that paragraph will be clearly and logically related to that topic sentence, which in turn should obviously relate to the thesis.

Support: You use arguments, data, facts, analysis, quotes, anecdotes, examples, details, etc. to support your topic sentences and flesh out your body paragraphs. A good rule of thumb is to have at least three points to support each topic sentence.

Transitions: An effective essay will show the connection between paragraphs with transitions. These can be the final sentence of each body paragraph or can be integrated into the next topic sentence with transition words.

Conclusion: A conclusion should wrap up your essay, but should not introduce new information or arguments. It should begin with a sentence that looks a lot like your thesis to summarize the general points of the paper as a whole, and then draw your paper neatly to a close.